STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA	)
COUNTY OF YORK	) IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
William Adkins  Plaintiff	CIVIL ACTION COVERSHEET  (s) )  2017-CP - 46-   SI
VS.	) }
The City of York	)
Defendant	
Submitted By: Chan M. Ahn Address: Jordan Law Firm PC 546 E. Main Street Rock Hill SC 29730	SC Bar #: 102173 Telephone #: 803-817-7999 Fax #: 803-817-9704 Other:
required by law. This form is required for the use of the Clerk o and dated. A copy of this coversheet must be served on the defer	r replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as of Court for the purpose of docketing. It must be filled out completely, signed, adapt(s) along with the Summons and Complaint.
<ul> <li>✓ JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint.</li> <li>✓ N</li> <li>☐ This case is subject to ARBITRATION pursuant to the</li> <li>☐ This case is subject to MEDIATION pursuant to the</li> <li>☐ This case is exempt from ADR. (Proof of ADR/Exem)</li> </ul>	DRMATION (Check all that apply)  ment/Settlement do not complete  ON-JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint.  the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.  Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.  ption Attached)  TION (Check One Box Below)
Contracts  Constructions (100) Debt Collection (110) General (130) Breach of Contract (140) Fraud/Bad Faith (150) Failure to Deliver/ Warranty (160) Employment Discrim (170) Employment (180)  Constructions (100) Dental Malpractice (200) Medical Malpractice (220) Previous Notice of Intent Case #  2016-NI-46-0026 Notice/ File Med Mal (230) Other (299)  Cher (199)  Other (199)	Torts – Personal Injury Conversion (310) Claim & Delivery (400) Condemnation (410) Premises Liability (330) Products Liability (340) Personal Injury (350) Partition (440)
Inmate Petitions  Administrative Law/Relief  PCR (500)  Mandamus (520)  Habeas Corpus (530)  Other (599)  Permanent Injunction (830)  Forfeiture-Petition (840)  Forfeiture-Consent Order (850)  Other (899)	Transfer of Structured Worker's Comp (960) Settlement Payment Rights Zoning Board (970)
Special/Complex /Other  Environmental (600)	Approval (780)
Other (699)	 n
Submitting Party Signature:	Date: 103-21-2017

**Note:** Frivolous civil proceedings may be subject to sanctions pursuant to SCRCP, Rule 11, and the South Carolina Frivolous Çivil Proceedings Sanctions Act, S.C. Code Ann. §15-36-10 et. seq.

Effective January 1, 2016, Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) is mandatory in all counties, pursuant to Supreme Court Order dated November 12, 2015.

SUPREME COURT RULES REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF ALL CIVIL CASES TO AN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS, UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPT.

#### Pursuant to the ADR Rules, you are required to take the following action(s):

- 1. The parties shall select a neutral and file a "Proof of ADR" form on or by the 210<sup>th</sup> day of the filing of this action. If the parties have not selected a neutral within 210 days, the Clerk of Court shall then appoint a primary and secondary mediator from the current roster on a rotating basis from among those mediators agreeing to accept cases in the county in which the action has been filed.
- 2. The initial ADR conference must be held within 300 days after the filing of the action.
- 3. Pre-suit medical malpractice mediations required by S.C. Code §15-79-125 shall be held not later than 120 days after all defendants are served with the "Notice of Intent to File Suit" or as the court directs.
- 4. Cases are exempt from ADR only upon the following grounds:
  - Special proceeding, or actions seeking extraordinary relief such as mandamus, habeas corpus, or prohibition;
  - b. Requests for temporary relief;
  - c. Appeals
  - d. Post Conviction relief matters;
  - e. Contempt of Court proceedings;
  - f. Forfeiture proceedings brought by governmental entities;
  - g. Mortgage foreclosures; and
  - h. Cases that have been previously subjected to an ADR conference, unless otherwise required by Rule 3 or by statute.
- 5. In cases not subject to ADR, the Chief Judge for Administrative Purposes, upon the motion of the court or of any party, may order a case to mediation.
- 6. Motion of a party to be exempt from payment of neutral fees due to indigency should be filed with the Court within ten (10) days after the ADR conference has been concluded.

Please Note: You must comply with the Supreme Court Rules regarding ADR. Failure to do so may affect your case or may result in sanctions.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA	)	IN THE COURT OF COMMON P	LEAS	
	j	SIXTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUI	Γ	
COUNTY OF YORK	Ś			
	í	CASE NUMBER: 2017-CP-46- §	£11	
William Adkins,	j		, , (	
	)			
Plaintiff,	)			
	)			
VS.	)	<u>SUMMONS</u>	≥2	
	)	(JURY TRIAL DEMANDED)	2017	<u> </u>
The City of York,	)	පිල්	HAR	EILED
	)	සිදු,	<b>3 5 3</b>	Ç
Defendant.	)		22 E	7.5
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TO THE DEFENDANT ABOV	E NAMED	): မ်ာ်	<u> </u>	$\overline{\Box}$
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A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within thirty days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you receive it), you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached Complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff's attorney, Chan M. Ahn, whose address is 546 East Main Street, South Carolina 29730. If you fail to do so, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the Complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

Ву:

JORDAN LAW FIRM, P.C.

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Fax: (803) 817-9704

Attorneys for the Plaintiff

March 20, 2017 Rock Hill, South Carolina

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA	) IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
	) SIXTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
COUNTY OF YORK	)
	) CASE NUMBER: 2017-CP-46- 81 宣 ュ
William Adkins,	
Plaintiff,	20° 22° 22° 22° 22° 22° 22° 22° 22° 22°
	- / 2 2 2
VS.	
	) (JURY TRIAL DEMANDED 关键
The City of York,	) SC 72 - 3
	)
Defendant.	)
	)

Plaintiff, William Adkins ("Mr. Adkins"), brings this action against Defendant, the City of York ("the City") based on the allegations set forth below.

## **PARTIES**

- 1. Mr. Adkins is a citizen and resident of York, York County, South Carolina.
- 2. The City is a municipality (as defined by S.C. Code Ann. § 5-1-20(1)) and political subdivision (as defined by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-78-30(h)) of the State of South Carolina, located in York County, South Carolina.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This Court has subject-matter jurisdiction over the claims in this lawsuit under Article V § 11 of the South Carolina Constitution and South Carolina Code § 14-5-350.
- 4. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the City because it is a municipality and political subdivision located in York County, South Carolina.
- 5. Venue is proper in this circuit under South Carolina Code § 15-7-30 because the City is located in York County, South Carolina, and the acts and omissions that are the subject matter of this action occurred in York County, South Carolina.

### **FACTS**

- 6. Mr. Adkins became employed by the City as a full-time firefighter on or about February 1, 2016.
- 7. At all times relevant to this Complaint, the City was Mr. Adkins' employer within the meaning of the South Carolina Payment of Wages Act ("the Act").
- 8. At the time when Mr. Adkins became employed by the City in 2016, his regular wages were to be calculated at the rate of \$16.37 per hour. Mr. Adkins' regular pay rate rose to \$16.70 per hour in or about October 2016.
- 9. In addition to his regular wages, Mr. Adkins was to be "compensated for overtime at time-and-one-half for all hours worked over forty (40) in a seven (7) calendar day work week" as set forth in the City of York Personnel Policy Manual, which is currently available at the City's official website (www.yorkcitysc.com/Links.aspx).
- 10. At all times relevant to this Complaint and throughout the time of Mr. Adkins' employment with the City, Mr. Adkins consistently worked on a "24 on/48 off" shift schedule, under which he worked 24 consecutive hours and had 48 consecutive hours following his work hours off, regardless of the day of the week or the holidays. Under this shift schedule, Mr. Adkins' weekly work hours followed the "72-48-48" pattern, *i.e.*, he worked 72 hours in one calendar week and 48 hours per week in two subsequent calendar weeks. He would then work 72 hours in one calendar week again, to be followed by two 48-hour work weeks.
- 11. Consequently, Mr. Adkins' total work hours in one typical calendar year reached an aggregate of 2,904 hours, generated from 17 72-hour work weeks and 35 48-hour work weeks per year.
- 12. For each 72-hour work week, Mr. Adkins worked 32 hours of overtime, and for each 48-hour work week, he worked 8 hours of overtime.

- 13. Thus, for each typical year during his employment with the City, Mr. Adkins was entitled to overtime compensation at the "time-and-one-half" rate for an aggregate of 824 hours, which consisted of "all hours worked over forty (40) in a seven (7) calendar day work week," as set forth in the City's Personnel Policy Manual.
  - 14. However, Mr. Adkins was never compensated for these hours.
  - 15. On or about February 26, 2017, Mr. Adkins was separated from the City.
- 16. Both prior and subsequent to his separation from the City, Mr. Adkins made numerous requests for the City's compensation for his overtime work.
- 17. To date, however, the City has not compensated Mr. Adkins for any of his regularly scheduled overtime work.

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Under the South Carolina Payment of Wages Laws)

- 18. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and restates all prior allegations of this Complaint.
- 19. The City was the "employer" of Mr. Adkins as defined by the Act—specifically, under S.C. Code Ann. § 41-10-10(1).
- 20. The City owes Mr. Adkins "wages" as defined by the Act—specifically, under S.C. Code Ann. § 41-10-10(2)—and currently owes him unpaid overtime compensation in the approximate amount of \$22,060.00.
- 21. The City has failed to pay Mr. Adkins all wages due as required by the Act—specifically, as set forth in S.C. Code Ann. § 41-10-40 and § 41-10-50—and specifically has failed to make the overtime payment due to Mr. Adkins in the approximate amount of \$22,060.00.

22. The City's failure to pay Mr. Adkins all wages due is willful, without justification, and in violation of the duty of good faith and fair dealing.

23. Pursuant to the Act—specifically, as set forth in S.C. Code Ann § 41-10-80(C)—Mr. Adkins is entitled to recover in this action an amount equal to three times the full amount of his unpaid wages, plus pre-judgment interest in the amount to be determined at the rate of 8.75 percent, costs, and reasonable attorney's fees.

# PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, William Adkins, prays for judgment in an amount equal to three times the full amount of the unpaid wages, plus pre-judgment interest in the amount to be determined at the rate of 8.75 percent, costs, and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to the South Carolina Payment of Wages Act and for such other legal and equitable relief to which he may be entitled.

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By:

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**Attorneys for the Plaintiff** 

March 20, 2017

Rock Hill, South Carolina

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